### In Allied People's Fortunes Since Last In France.

Paris, Oct. 26 .- Col. Edward M. House today made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"It is with the keenest pleasure that i find myself again in France. Upon my last visit some eleven months ago the allies' fortunes, it seemed, had struck their lowest levels. Those memorable days, when we counseled together and formulated plans looking

together and formulated plans looking toward military and naval unity and the co-ordination of war economics and industries, can never be forgotten.

"From that hour the clouds began to lift, and we could see, dimly at first, the stars of hope and victory which today are shining with such a steady and effulgent glow.

"We are now confronted with different and more complex problems—problems which I feel con..dent will be met with high courage and with the

problems which I feel con. dent will be met with high courage and with the wisdom which comes from lofty motives and unselfish hearts."

Col. House told the semi-official Havas agency that his trip had no co-relation with an armistice and he had not received from President Wilson and the American government special powers to negotiate on this question.

### MARSHALL ADDS FORCE

Joins President Wilson In Appeal for Joins President Wilson In Appeal for Vote of Confidence.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 26.—Vice-President Marshall, in a letter to the indiana state democratic committee made public by the committee here today adds his appeal to that made by President Wilson yesterday for the election of a democratic majority to concress.

Congress.

The vice president declared that a ruccess would be hailed "republican success would be halled at home and abroad as repudiation of

President Wilson's war policy."
Vice-President Marshall is at present quarantined at his Washington home, Mrs. Marshall and their adopted son both suffering from Spanish in-

fluenza.

The letter to the democratic committee, which is in the form of a questionnaire, follows:

which is in the long of a questions:

"My Fellow Citizens—It has beeen my purpose to meet you face to face and tell you what I thought, but the mournful epidemic of influenza has so touched me and mine that this may not be possible, although I hope even yet to speak to a few of you. For old times' sake may I not ask you to sit down by your fireside and dispassionately answer, not to me but to your conscience, these questions:

"Do you believe that the world will ever get back to where it was on Aug. 4, 1914?

"Do you believe that the world will ever get back to where it was on Aug. 4, 1914? "Do you believe that ten million men have been organized, sacrificed and died that you and I should now put in our time discussing the views which formerly di-vided us? There is to Be a New World.

"Do you believe that when this conflict is over there is to be a new world, and that part of the new world is to be Amer-

"Have you any idea what the problem for solution will be when this new America emerges from the conflict? If not can you afford, with me, to delay taking sides until you know what the problems are to be?

"Have you always voted as you thought was for the good of the country?
"Do you believe that the good of your country means the winning of the war?
"Are you willing to admit that though there may be no difference in the individual patriotism of average citizens, still the way is being wares under what was tidis war is bring wages under what was elected and is known to the world as a democratic administrattion?

"Do you think the German people know that Woodrow Wilson is a democrat?

"Prior to our entrance into the war, did

Prior to our entrance into the war, did

"Prior to our entrance into the war, die the German people thing a large body of our citizens, were favorable to the cause of Germany, vote against Woodrow Wil-son in 1916? Will any of those who still secretly remain favorable to the German cause vote the democratic ticket this year?

"Have not the German people almost lost hope of any valuable sentiment in their favor among us?

"Do they not believe that this country is behind the Wilson administration? Could anything revive their fainting hearts more than a republican victory? Would not republican success convince them that we were again a divided people?

SHOWS IMPROVEMENT.

### NOTICE

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF KEYSTONE LODGE No. 35, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS:

You are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, A. Jack Jones, to be held Sunday at 2 P. M. at 106 Mitchell avenue.

H. F. BOHR, C. C. Attest-E. B. SHADDEN, K. Rand S.

### HOUSE SEES GREAT CHANGE GERMAN SHELLS FALLING THICK FAIL TO SHAKE HOSPITAL MORALE

At Conference of Allied Surgeons, Col. George E. Brewer Tells Thrilling Story of American Heroism. Treatment of Shell Shock and Gas Wounds. Meeting Comes to Close.

Meeting Comes to Close.

A mental picture of the Huns shelling an American hospital and forcing the carps of workers together with many wounded soldiers to evacuate, was brought before the doctors at Greenleaf Saturday morning by Col. George E. Brewer, of New York City. Col. Brewer is known in medical science as one of the foremost surgeons of America and was at the front for over a year.

The raiding of the hospital which the colonel referred to in his talk Saturday morning at the Warden McLean auditorium, took place during the battle of Chateau Thierry last July. He told how the shells from the big guns whizzed by over the top of the hospital which told how the shells from the big guns whizzed by over the top of the hospital where the wounded soldiers were suffering, some lying on the operating tables, while others were in the long row waiting their turn. The first shell fell to the south something like half

## NOTED ALLIED SURGEONS



Group picture of army specialists in conference at Greenleaf. From left to right: Maj. Henry Bellere, French army; Dr. A. Piollet, French army; Maj. Pierre Duval, France; Prof. Raffealla Bastianelli, of Rome; Col. George Gask, London; Lleut.-Col. George E. Brewer, United States; Col. Franklin Martin, United States; Sir Thomas Myler, Dublin. fluenza.

Interference of Flu Epidemic to Be Overcome.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Army training camp commanders have been ordered to eliminate from their schedules all work that can be done after the men arrive overcoses as one of the moves of the work that can be done after the men arrive overcoses as one of the moves of the work that can be done after the men arrive of the moves of the work that can be done after the men arrive of the moves of the work to ringentary.

When the 1 o'clock curfew law rung out the champaigne at Jacks and Rectory and the other all-night hangouts, it rung in ham and eggs and a stack of wheats at Childs'.

At 1:36 o'clock Childs' looks like the department to speed up the enlarged war program and overcome delays resulting from interference with draft calls by influenza.

Taxis, limousines, high-power racing

a mile away. Then, said the colonel, the second shell hit a hay stack about a half mile in the distance, as could easily be determined when it was immediately in a blaze. Then, as he went on with his picture, through the mildnight hours, he told how the shells came nearer and nearer to the main who expect to go overseas to always. came nearer and nearer to the main hospital. The nurses were ordered to seek safety and the patients and the officers began to get nervous, said Col. Brewer, for they knew that the Ger-mans had gotten the range of the hos-pital. However, the ambulances con-inued to arrive during the battle, and six teams of doctors were working in three different operating rooms, and in the midst of all this, said Col. Brewer, a shell exploded right out in front of the hospital. But he added that during all this time there was not even a single nurse who showed a lack of

control. Two stretcher bearers coming out of door into the main hospital were both knocked down, but not seriously wounded. Then, said the colonel, within a half hour's time seven shells hit the main hospital, and blew up four buildings, but fortunately did not kill any of the workers. "It was then at we had a consultation with the French officers and decided that we would have to evacuate, and he said that within eight hours and a half they had the other hospital up and ready to

how a gassed patient looks when he comes into the hospitals, Sir Thomas said that their faces were blistered and often their entire bodies. At the close of his talk, he advised the men who expect to go overseas to always be absolutely quick and ready with their gas masks and to always keep in mind that in every area they went into there was a possibility of it being a

Col. George Gask, one of the foremost surgeons in London, was the next speaker, and he talked on the cleansing of wounds, which he em-phasized as one of the most important

phasized as one of the most important things in connection with surgery,

Major's Talk Translated.

Maj. Buire Duval of the French army, made a talk on "The Primary Closure of Wounds". However, Maj. Duval notebeing able to speak English, made his address in French, and Prof. Raffaelle Bastianelli, of Italy acted as his interpreter. handene Bastanein, of Italy acted as his interpreter. Col. Duval said that the actual treatment of war wounds is a complete revelation. He explained how infection starts when germs are left under dead tissues. explained how infection starts when germs are left under dead tissues. After the instructive talk made by Maj. Duval, Prof. Bastianelli, of 1 one. Italy, talked on the amputation of limbs by methods that make it possible for the patients to use them afterwards, whether "it is a leg to walk on, and if an arm, to work and eat or before Oct. Is are exchangeable at wards, whether "it is a leg to walk on, and if an arm, to work and eat with." As to amputation of limbs, he

HOW TO FIGURE OUT THE CHANGE IN TIME Tomorrow will be the ideal Sunday morning—whatever the weather—for all of the people of

weather—for all of the people of the country are vouchsafed an extra hour of sleep.

In other words, daylight-sav-ing gives way at 2 o'clock Sun day morning to the regular time and the hands of the clock will be set back at that time exactly

one hour.

There are not many subjects in the world as puzzling as the workings of time changing. But instead of trying to figure it out, getting the whys and wherefores, the simple thing to do is this: When you go to bed tonight, set the clock back one hour. Then forget about it until next spring.

have resulted in treatment, not so much have resulted in treatment, not so much from the discovery of new methods in treatment, but by the application of the general principles of surgery which govern the treatment of all wounds, namely, the early mechanical cleansing by operation, followed by an early cleaure. We have found death due to three causes: the informations which jury of a large vessel, with leasins which cannot be aided surgically; sepsis of the pleural cavity and its contents setting in forty-eight hours after the wound was received, and sepsis setting in after a period of seven days from the time the intervence of the second second second setting in after a period of seven days from the time the intervence of the second second

"A man may become infected by mis-siles and portions of clothing carried into the wound, by a wound in the chest wall into which air is constantly sucked, and by a wound of the lung caused by missile

by a wound of the lung caused by missile or by a bone splinter.

"Therefore, we must cleanse the wound early, evacuate all foreign bodies and the effused blood from the plural cavities and repair the damage done the lung. Then the cavity must be closed. A large open wound of the chest is immediately closed by a temporary skin suture. After this is wound of the chest is immediately closed by a temporary skin suture. After this is done there is an immediate survey of the patient. Patients who have retained the missiles are X-rayed to determine the size of the shell, to determine the existence and extent of the hemorrhage and to determine the condition of the opposite lung and the cardiac displacement.

"Concerning anesthetics, chloroform, other, oxygen and gas have all been used successfully abroad. Many British surgeons employ a local anesthetic. The condition of the man is more important than the kind of anesthetic used."

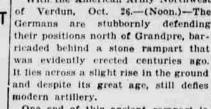
EXPLAINS AS TO SUGAR

## HUN PRISONER ENJOYS YANKEE MEAL



HIS FIRST AMERICAN MEAL OCONM. ON PUBLIC INFORMATION. SUPPLIED BY INS.

Alexander Kurt Koetcher, former member of the Third battallen, Fortieth Ersatz, kaiser's forces, enjoying his first American meal. Koetcher was captured by an American patrol from the 186th infantry, 42nd division, and appears to be satisfied with his new surroundings.



DISCUSS ABDICATION

Opinion of German Newspapers Un-settled As To Kaiser. London, Oct. 26.—German news-papers are discussing openly whether the abdication of William Hohenzollern, the German ruler, is necessary to obtain peace for Germany. A Co-penhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says the view held in Germany is that President Wilson in Germany is that President Wilson does not demand the ruler's abdication, but will rest satisfied with democratic development of political institutions. The Frankfort Zeitung says the menarch is confronted with the greatest difficulties in making the personal decision whether Germany shall surrender or negotiate. It expresses the hope that he will make "a speedy and clever decision."

### CONVENTION POSTPONED.

Local Episcopalians so Call Off Trip to Nashville.

It was announced Saturday morning that the convention of the Episcopal diocese of the state of Tennessee has been postponed. The convention was to have met in Nashville next Thursday, and a number of local Episcopal-ians had planned to attend. It was thought best, however, to postpone the meeting on account of the epidemic of influenza.

### GERMANS NOT BEATEN

London, Oct. 26.—(British wireless service.)—The German armies should not be considered as definitely and finally beaten, military observers here say. Allied soldiers who are fighting their way forward in the face of great enemy resistance know that the enemy is not broken and that much heave fighting probably will have to be faced. At the same time reliable reports continue to reach London of increasing disaffection among the German soldiers. This disaffection and lack of discipline has led to actual mutins in many cases. Several drafts of new soldiers have refused to go to the front in the last three months, and they have been taken there by force in small batches.

parts to be satisfied with his new surroundings.

WINE AT JACK'S; CAKES AT JOHN'S

WINE AT JACK'S; CAKES AT JOHN'S

Unfew at 1. A. M., Broadway Finds a New Sensation at Child's.

SPEED UP DRAFT CALLS

Interference of Fire Endemic to Be Overcome.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Army training the condition of the many is more important than the kind of aneitherle used.'

When the 1 o'clock curfew law rung the more of the washing to a condition of the many is more important than the kind of aneitherle used.'

When the 1 o'clock curfew law rung the man degree and a task of the state of the common dealers and the condition of the many is more important than the kind of aneitherle used.'

When the 1 o'clock curfew law rung the man degree and a task of the state of the state of the common dealers and the condition of the man arrive own of the ware to the common dealers and the condition of the man arrive own that the charge of the common dealers are the common dealers and the common dealers are the common dealers and the common dealers are the common dealers and the common dealers are the common dealers are the common dealers and the common dealers are the common deale

of Verdun, Oct. 26.—(Noon.)—The Germans are stubbornly defending their positions north of Grandpre, barricaded behind a stone rampart that was evidently erected centuries ago. It lies across a slight rise in the ground and despite its great age, still defies modern artillery.

One end of this ancient rampart is a tower from the ruins of which the Germans are directing hot machine gun fire.

distribution of manufacturing establishments.

A new era is at hand. The carriers of the country for the future are to serve the public interests. The dictates of self-shness and private greed that have for so long a time controlled the policy and management of our great transportation systems no longer constitute the guide for action. In a time like this when readjustment of industrial and economic conditions is imperative, the railreads must do their part to the end that there may be decided progress on the highway that leads to equality of opportunity for all, and to ultimate national greatness and individual contentment.

# Assist in Preventing Spread of Influenza

Keep Free From It - Use Menth-Alba Several Times Daily in Nose.

The road to health is blocked when times a day. This antiseptic compound the road to heatin is blocked when the nose is clogged up.

Keep the nose open so you can take the consecutive of such well-known agents as camphored burns up the impurities of the dear the air passages, but acts as a germicide and antiseptic.

which burns up the impurities of the blood. A closed nose means lack of vitality, sluggishness. When your system gets in this condition you are most likely to take influenza.

Menth-Alba as a Preventative.

The logical way to keep the nose open is by inserting little pieces of Menth-Al . in the nostrils several in the brown carton. It costs but 25 cents.—(Adv.)

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JACK O'DONOHUE CO. = UNDERTAKERS =

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